Ultimate attainment in the use of formulaic sequences among heritage speakers of Turkish in

Germany and Turkish-German returnees

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In this paper we show that heritage speakers are fundamentally different from the large

majority of adult second language learners who struggle to acquire native-like lexical patterns

(Foster, 2009b; Laufer & Waldman, 2011). We compare the use of formulaic sequences

involving yap- "do" and "et- "do" among heritage speakers of Turkish in Germany (n=45)

with those found among Turkish returnees (n=65) and Turkish monolinguals (n=69).

Language use by returnees is a very understudied resource although this group can provide

crucial insights into the specific language ability of heritage speakers. Results show that

returnees who had been back for one year upon recording overuse et- and use some

hypercorrect forms. Returnees who had been back for seven years upon recording produce

formulaic sequences that are quantitatively and qualitatively similar to those of monolingual

speakers of Turkish. We discuss implications for theories of ultimate attainment and

incomplete acquisition in heritage speakers.

Keywords:

Heritage language, ultimate attainment, incomplete acquisition, Turkish, returnees

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